

Billing and Coding Considerations for BLINCYTO®

This Information Sheet is intended to help healthcare professionals understand the key billing and coding considerations for BLINCYTO[®] and its related services and supplies when using the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved dosing options across treatment settings.

Updates regarding Medicare Home Infusion Therapy Benefit:

- **1.** Starting January 1, 2021, Medicare implemented the permanent home infusion therapy benefit that provides separate Part B coverage and payment for qualified home infusion therapy services¹
 - Medicare updated the codes used to report the provision of home infusion therapy services
 - The new codes differentiate new visits vs subsequent visits for home infusion therapy services
 - Claims for home infusion therapy services will be billed separately from the drug, pump, and other supplies. These services must be reported to the A/B Medicare Administrative Contractor (MAC), and are reimbursed by Medicare at rates set by the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule. Claims for the drug, pump, and supplies should continue being sent to the Durable Medical Equipment (DME) MAC and are payable under the Prosthetics, Orthotics, and Supplies (DMEPOS) Fee Schedule^{1,2}
 - Home infusion therapy services are equal to 5 hours per calendar day, billed in 15 minute increments

Please see pages 10 and 11 for sample claim forms showing coding changes that may be appropriate to report services for Medicare beneficiaries receiving BLINCYTO® treatment via home infusion

2. Due to COVID-19 Public Health Emergency (PHE), Medicare temporarily revised the definition of direct supervision to include the virtual presence of the supervising physician or other qualified healthcare provider using real-time, interactive audio and video telecommunications technology through to December 31, 2023, the end of the calendar year in which the PHE for COVID-19 is ending³

Medicare sequestration has been fully reinstated beginning with the third quarter of 2022 and as such, the Medicare portion of payment rates are reduced by 2%.4

Please note that the information in this resource is intended to be educational and is not a guarantee of reimbursement. Coverage, coding, and billing requirements vary by health plan so be sure to check with individual payers for detailed guidance.

INDICATION

- BLINCYTO® (blinatumomab) is indicated for the treatment of CD19-positive B-cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) in first or second complete remission with minimal residual disease (MRD) greater than or equal to 0.1% in adult and pediatric patients.
- BLINCYTO® is indicated for the treatment of relapsed or refractory CD19-positive B-cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) in adult and pediatric patients.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

WARNING: CYTOKINE RELEASE SYNDROME and NEUROLOGICAL TOXICITIES

- Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS), which may be life-threatening or fatal, occurred in patients receiving BLINCYTO[®]. Interrupt or discontinue BLINCYTO[®] and treat with corticosteroids as recommended.
- Neurological toxicities, which may be severe, life-threatening or fatal, occurred in patients receiving BLINCYTO[®]. Interrupt or discontinue BLINCYTO[®] as recommended.



Hospital Inpatient (HIP) Site of Service - Multiple Payers (Medicare and Non-Medicare)

Item	Revenue Code ^{5,6,*}	Coding Information (ICD-10-CM ⁷ /HCPCS ⁸ /CPT ⁹ /ICD-10-PCS ¹⁰)	Notes
Diagnosis: Encounter for drug therapy and ALL	N/A	Z51.12 Encounter for antineoplastic immunotherapy AND C91.00 Acute lymphoblastic leukemia not having achieved remission/failed remission OR C91.01 Acute lymphoblastic leukemia, in remission OR C91.02 Acute lymphoblastic leukemia, in relapse	Report the appropriate ICD-10-CM diagnosis code(s) to describe the patient's condition.
Drug: BLINCYTO® and external infusion pump (EIP)	Report the appropriate revenue code for the cost center in which the service is performed; eg, • Medicare: 0250 General pharmacy • Other payers: 0250 or 0636 Drugs requiring detailed coding (if required by a given payer)	J9039 Injection, blinatumomab, 1 mcg	
	Report the appropriate revenue code for the cost center in which the service is performed; eg, • 0290 DME	E0791 Parenteral infusion pump, stationary, single or multi-channel E0776 IV pole	
Administration: Continuous intravenous infusion (CIVI) via EIP	Report the appropriate revenue code for the cost center in which the service is performed; eg, • 0261 IV therapy: Infusion pump	3E03305 Introduction of other antineoplastic into peripheral vein, percutaneous approach† 0R 3E04305 Introduction of other antineoplastic into central vein, percutaneous approach† 96416 Chemotherapy administration, IV infusion technique; initiation of prolonged chemotherapy infusion (more than 8 hours) requiring use of a portable or implantable pump 0R 96521 Refilling and maintenance of a portable pump	

Coding Information Definitions:

ICD-10-CM – International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision, Clinical Modification

HCPCS - Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System

CPT – Current Procedural Terminology

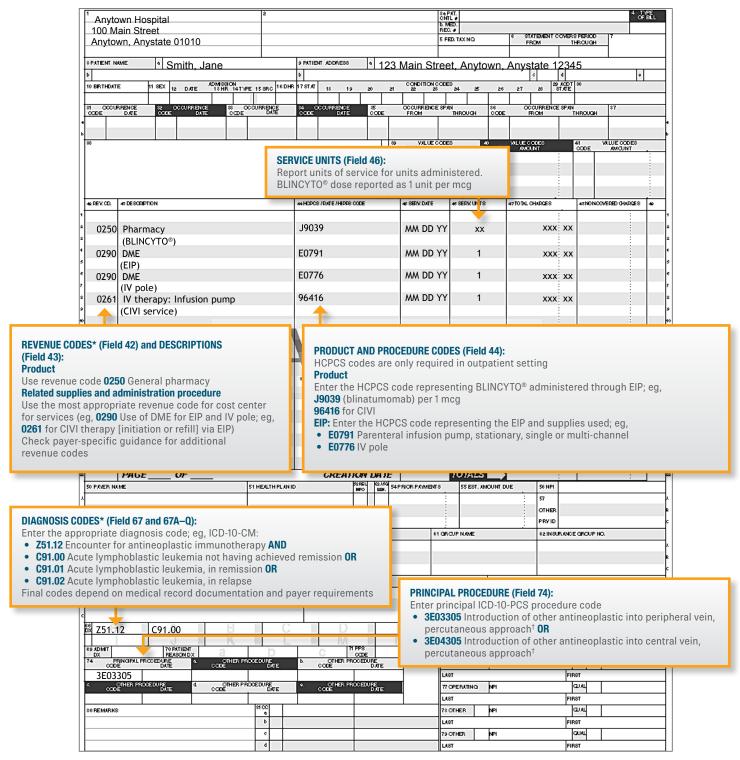
ICD-10-PCS – International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision, Procedure Coding System

^{*}This is not an all-inclusive list of revenue codes; revenue codes will vary by institution. Revenue codes are only required on the CMS-1450.

[†]The previous ICD-10-PCS codes that described the administration of BLINCYTO® (XW03351 and XW04351) have been deleted and should not be used for dates of service on or after October 1, 2021.



Sample UB-04 (CMS-1450) Form: Hospital Inpatient Administration



^{*}This is not an all-inclusive list of revenue codes; revenue codes will vary by institution. Revenue codes are only required on the CMS-1450.

[†]The previous ICD-10-PCS codes that described the administration of BLÍNCYTO® (XW03351 and XW04351) have been deleted and should not be used for dates of service on or after October 1, 2021.



Hospital Outpatient Department (HOPD) - Multiple Payers (Medicare and Non-Medicare)

Item	Revenue Code ^{5,6,*}	Coding Information (ICD-10-CM ⁷ /CPT ⁹ /HCPCS ⁸ /NDC ¹¹)	Notes
Diagnosis: Encounter for drug therapy and ALL	N/A	Z51.12 Encounter for antineoplastic immunotherapy AND C91.00 Acute lymphoblastic leukemia not having achieved remission OR C91.01 Acute lymphoblastic leukemia, in remission OR C91.02 Acute lymphoblastic leukemia, in relapse	Report the appropriate ICD-10-CM diagnosis code(s) to describe the patient's condition.
Procedure: Administration via CIVI using an EIP	Report the appropriate revenue code for the cost center in which the service is performed; eg, • 0261 IV therapy: Infusion pump • 026x IV therapy	96416 Chemotherapy administration, IV infusion technique; initiation of prolonged chemotherapy infusion (more than 8 hours) requiring use of a portable or implantable pump OR 96521 Refilling and maintenance of portable pump OR G0498 Chemotherapy administration, IV infusion technique; initiation of infusion in the office/clinic setting using office/clinic pump/ supplies, with continuation of the infusion in the community setting (eg, home, domiciliary, rest home, or assisted living) using a portable pump provided by the office/clinic; includes follow-up office/clinic visit at the conclusion of the infusion	CPT codes may be used to report the CIVI procedures associated with BLINCYTO® to the Part A/B MAC and non-Medicare payers. For Medicare patients, HCPCS code G0498 will replace CPT and HCPCS codes (96416, E0781, and 99211–99215) previously used to bill for prolonged infusion services when the CIVI is started in the HOPD. It does not apply to BLINCYTO® when the CIVI is started in the inpatient setting or via home infusion.8,9,12 Certain payers may not recognize G0498 and require itemization of specific items, instead. The healthcare provider should consult the payer or MAC to determine which code is most appropriate for administration of BLINCYTO®. If the clinic bills the G-code to the MAC, the cost of the pump and supplies is bundled and should not be billed separately to the DME MAC. ¹³
Drug: BLINCYTO®	Report the appropriate revenue code for the cost center in which the service is performed; eg, • Medicare: 0636 Drug requiring detailed coding • Other payers: 0250 or 0636 General rug: Report the appropriate revenue cyline in follow-up office/clinic visit at the conclust the infusion J9039 Injection, blinatumomab, 1 mcg JW Discarded drug/not administered to any patient JZ Zero drug amount discarded/not administered to any patient JG Drug or biological acquired with 3400 Pricing Program discount TB Drug or biological acquired with 3400 Pricing Program discount		Medicare policies reflect the code for BLINCYTO® (J9039 per 1 mcg) and has a maximum utilization of 210 units per date of service (based on prescribing information).¹⁴ However, coding and coverage requirements may vary by payer. Like many payers, Medicare requires the use of the modifier JW and JZ, which provides payment for the amount of drug or biologic discarded, as well as for the dose administered, up to the amount of the drug or biologic as indicated on the vial or label for a single-dose vial (SDV).¹⁵ Note: Effective for dates of service on or after July 1, 2023, Medicare Part B claims require the use of the new JZ modifier for single-use vials and containers when there are no discarded drug amounts. Medicare claims also continue to require the use of the JW modifier (Drug amount discarded/not administered to any patient) for drugs and biologicals that are separately payable under Medicare Part B with discarded amounts from single-dose containers.¹ Beginning January 1, 2023, Medicare requires that all claims submitted by 340B covered entities on OPPS claims (bill type 13X) for separately payable Part B drugs and biologicals must include modifiers "JG" (Drug or biological acquired with 340B drug pricing program discount, reported for informational purposes) or "TB" (Drug or biological acquired with 340B drug pricing program discount, reported for informational purposes for select entities) on claim lines for drugs acquired through the 340B Drug Discount Program. Additional provider types will be required to use these modifiers in 2024.¹6
	N/A	NDC: 55513016001 BLINCYTO® 35 mcg lyophilized powder, SDV IV solution stabilizer, 10 mL SDV	Some payers (eg, Medicaid) may require listing the NDC in addition to the HCPCS J-code. When reporting the NDC on claims, use the 11-digit NDC in the 5-4-2 format. ¹⁷ Insert a leading zero in the appropriate section to complete the 5-4-2 digit format. Remove the dashes prior to entering the NDC on the claim form.

Coding Information Definition: NDC – National Drug Code

^{*}This is not an all-inclusive list of revenue codes; revenue codes will vary by institution. Revenue codes are only required on the CMS-1450.

[†]Reporting policies for discarded units for payers other than traditional fee-for-service Medicare may vary; providers should check with their specific plans about policies related to billing for discarded drug and use of the JW and JZ modifiers.



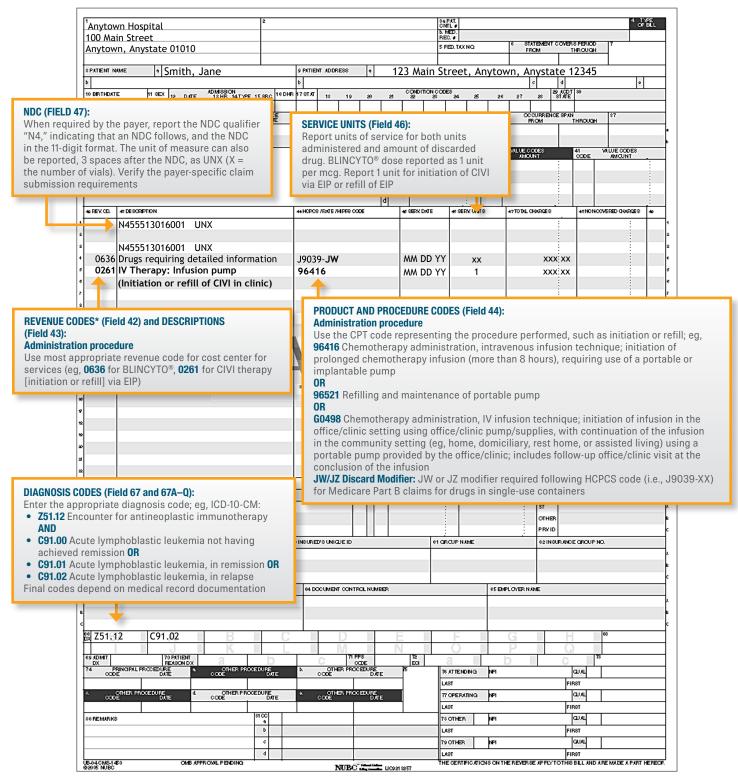
Hospital Outpatient Department (HOPD) - Multiple Payers (Medicare and Non-Medicare) (continued)

Item	Revenue Code ^{5,6,*}	Coding Information (HCPCS ⁸)	Notes
DME: EIP and supplies	Report the appropriate revenue code for the cost center in which the service is performed; eg, 0290 DME	E0779 Ambulatory infusion pump, mechanical, reusable, for infusion 8 hours or greater OR E0781 Ambulatory infusion pump, single or multiple channels, electric or battery operated, with administrative equipment, worn by patient OR A4222 Infusion supplies for external drug infusion pump, per cassette or bag Modifiers for use with E-codes for IV pump -KD Drug or biologic infused through DME -RR Rental -KH DMEPOS item, initial claim, purchase or first rental month -KI DMEPOS item, second or third rental months -KJ DMEPOS item, parenteral enteral nutrition (pen) pump or capped rental, fourth to 15th rental months	Please note that Medicare specifically requires DMEPOS accreditation in order to bill a DME MAC. Non-Medicare payers may allow billing for all services and supplies under a medical or other benefit. Report the appropriate EIP code and appropriate modifier(s) as documented in the medical record. Modifiers may be used to provide additional detail when billing for the EIP to the DME MAC.8 Note: Drug administration codes may get billed to the MAC and the E-codes may get billed separately to the DME MAC. Report any supplies as necessary.

^{*}This is not an all-inclusive list of revenue codes; revenue codes will vary by institution. Revenue codes are only required on the CMS-1450.



Sample UB-04 (CMS-1450) Form: Hospital Outpatient Administration



^{*}This is not an all-inclusive list of revenue codes; revenue codes will vary by institution. Revenue codes are only required on the CMS-1450.



Physician Office - Multiple Payers (Medicare and Non-Medicare)

Item	Coding Information (ICD-10-CM ⁷ /CPT ⁹ /HCPCS ⁸ /NDC ¹¹)	Notes
Diagnosis: Encounter for drug therapy and ALL	Z51.12 Encounter for antineoplastic immunotherapy AND C91.00 Acute lymphoblastic leukemia not having achieved remission OR C91.01 Acute lymphoblastic leukemia, in remission OR C91.02 Acute lymphoblastic leukemia, in relapse	Report the appropriate ICD-10-CM code(s) to describe the patient's condition.
Procedure: Administration via CIVI using an EIP	stration Course Chamathayana administration IV influent techniques initiation office It does not apply to RI INC	
Drug: BLINCYTO®	J9039 Injection, blinatumomab, 1 mcg JW Discarded drug/not administered to any patient JZ Zero drug amount discarded/not administered to any patient	Medicare requires use of the HCPCS code in the physician office setting ¹⁸ and has a maximum utilization of 210 units per date of service (based on prescribing information). However, coding requirements may vary by payer. Like many payers, Medicare requires the use of the modifier JW and JZ, which provides payment for the amount of drug or biologic discarded, as well as for the dose administered, up to the amount of the drug or biologic as indicated on the vial or label for an SDV. Note: Effective for dates of service on or after July 1, 2023, Medicare Part B claims require the use of the new JZ modifier for single-use vials and containers when there are no discarded drug amounts. Medicare claims also continue to require the use of the JW modifier (Drug amount discarded/not administered to any patient) for drugs and biologicals that are separately payable under Medicare Part B with discarded amounts from single-dose containers.*
	NDC: 55513016001 BLINCYTO® 35 mcg lyophilized powder, SDV IV solution stabilizer, 10 mL SDV	Some payers (eg, Medicaid) may require listing the NDC in addition to the HCPCS J-code. When reporting the NDC on claims, use the 11-digit NDC in the 5-4-2 format. ¹⁷ Insert a leading zero in the appropriate section to complete the 5-4-2 digit format. Remove the dashes prior to entering the NDC on the claim form.
DME: EIP and supplies	E0779 Ambulatory infusion pump, mechanical, reusable, for infusion 8 hours or greater E0781 Ambulatory infusion pump, single or multiple channels, electric or battery operated, with administrative equipment, worn by patient G0498 Chemotherapy administration, IV infusion technique; initiation of infusion in the office/clinic setting using office/clinic pump/supplies, with continuation of the infusion in the community setting (eg, home, domiciliary, rest home, or assisted living) using a portable pump provided by the office/clinic; includes follow-up office/clinic visit at the conclusion of the infusion A4222 Infusion supplies for external drug infusion pump, per cassette or bag Modifiers for EIP -KD Drug or biologic infused through DME -RR Rental -KH DMEPOS item, initial claim or first rental month -KI DMEPOS item, second or third rental months -KJ DMEPOS item, fourth to 15th rental months	Report the appropriate EIP code and appropriate modifier(s) as documented in the medical record. Modifiers may be used to provide additional detail when billing for the EIP to the DME MAC. ⁹ Note: Drug administration codes may get billed to the MAC and the E-codes may get billed separately to the DME MAC. If the office bills the G-code to the MAC, the cost of the pump and supplies is bundled and should not be billed separately to the DME MAC. ¹³ Report any supplies as necessary.

^{*}Reporting policies for discarded units for payers other than traditional fee-for-service Medicare may vary; providers should check with their specific plans about policies related to billing for discarded drug and use of the JW and JZ modifiers.



Sample CMS-1500 Form: Physician Office Administration

payers (eg the HCPCS qualifier "N the 11-digit 3 spaces a	APPROVED BY NATIONAL UNIFORM CLAIM COMMITTEE (N APPROVED BY NATIONAL UNIFORM CLAIM COMMITTEE (N PICA	CHAMPVA GROUP GROUP GRALTH PLAN GRALTH	a. INSURED'S POLICY GROUP of a. INSURED'S DATE OF BIRTH MM DD Y b. OTHER CLAIM ID (Designated to the agnosis code; eg, unter for antineoplastic rapy AND the lymphoblastic to thaving achieved the lymphoblastic the remission OR the lymphoblastic the lymphoblastic the remission OR the lymphoblastic the lymphoblastic the remission OR the lymphoblastic	STATE STATE FELEPHONE (Include Area Code) () OR FECA NUMBER SEX M F
	E. L F, L J. L J	G. L.	OB A	H. I. J.
1 2	MM DD YY MM DD YY 11 N455513016001 UNX MM DD NY MM DD YY 11 N455513016001 UNX	J9039 JW A	3 XXX XX X	Report units of service for both units administered and amount of discarded drug. BLINCYTO® dose
3		96419 A		reported as 1 unit per mcg. Report 1 unit for initiation of CIVI via EIP or refill of EIP
1				
				priate administration procedure. uch as initiation OR refill; eg,



Home Infusion - Multiple Payers (Medicare and Non-Medicare)

ltem	Coding Information (ICD-10-CM ⁷ /CPT ⁹ /HCPCS ⁸ /NDC ¹¹)	Notes
Diagnosis: Encounter for drug therapy and ALL	Z51.12 Encounter for antineoplastic immunotherapy AND C91.00 Acute lymphoblastic leukemia not having achieved remission OR C91.01 Acute lymphoblastic leukemia, in remission OR C91.02 Acute lymphoblastic leukemia, in relapse	Report the appropriate ICD-10-CM code(s) to describe the patient's condition.
Procedure: Administration via CIVI using an EIP	G0090 Professional services, initial visit, for the administration of intravenous chemotherapy or other highly complex infusion drug or biological for each infusion drug administration calendar day in the individual's home, each 15 minutes¹ G0070 Professional services for the administration of intravenous chemotherapy or other intravenous highly complex drug or biological infusion for each infusion drug administration calendar day in the individual's home, each 15 minutes¹ 99601 Home infusion/specialty drug administration, per visit (up to 2 hours) 99602 Each additional hour S9329 Home infusion therapy, chemotherapy infusion; administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem S9330 Home infusion therapy, continuous (24 hours or more) chemotherapy infusion; administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem S9338 Home infusion therapy, immunotherapy, administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem S9379 Home infusion therapy, infusion therapy, not otherwise classified; administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem	Home infusion therapy services for Medicare beneficiaries receiving BLINCYTO® should be billed using G0090 for an initial visit and G0070 for subsequent visits. Some or all Medicare contractors may reject chemotherapy CPT codes with the availability of G0070 and G0090. These services must be reported to the A/B MAC, and are reimbursed by Medicare at rates set by the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule. They are billed and paid separately from the external infusion pump and drug, which are billed to the DME MAC and reimbursed under the DMEPOS Fee Schedule. Medicare requires that a claim for BLINCYTO® be billed no more than 30 days prior to the visit. Otherwise, payment for the home infusion therapy service will be denied.¹ These services may be covered by Medicaid, commercial plans, or Medicare Advantage plans.²0 CPT codes 99601 and 99602, as well as certain S-codes, may be used to report home infusion therapy services to other payer types other than FFS Medicare. Please note that FFS Medicare does not recognize S-codes, although other payers might.²0
Drug: BLINCYTO®	J9039 Injection, blinatumomab, 1 mcg JW Discarded drug/not administered to any patient JZ Zero drug amount discarded/not administered to any patient	Medicare requires that claims for BLINCYTO®, the pump, and supplies be sent to the DME MACs. Claims for home infusion therapy services must now be submitted separately and are processed by Part A/B MACs.¹ Medicare sets maximum utilization at 875 units of service (UOS), which is equivalent to 25 vials per month in this site of care.²¹ Many payers require the use of the modifier JW and JZ, which provides payment for the amount of drug or biologic discarded, as well as for the dose administered, up to the amount of the drug or biologic as indicated on the vial or label for an SDV.¹⁵ Note: Effective for dates of service on or after July 1, 2023, Medicare Part B claims require the use of the new JZ modifier for single-use vials and containers when there are no discarded drug amounts. Medicare claims also continue to require the use of the JW modifier (Drug amount discarded/not administered to any patient) for drugs and biologicals that are separately payable under Medicare Part B with discarded amounts from single-dose containers.*
	NDC: 55513016001 BLINCYTO® 35 mcg lyophilized powder, SDV IV solution stabilizer, 10 mL SDV	Some payers (eg, Medicaid) may require listing the NDC in addition to the HCPCS J-code. When reporting the NDC on claims, use the 11-digit NDC in the 5-4-2 format. ¹⁷ Insert a leading zero in the appropriate section to complete the 5-4-2 digit format. Remove the dashes prior to entering the NDC on the claim form.
DME: EIP and supplies	E0779 Ambulatory infusion pump, mechanical, reusable, for infusion 8 hours or greater E0781 Ambulatory infusion pump, single or multiple channels, electric or battery operated, with administrative equipment, worn by patient A4222 Infusion supplies for external drug infusion pump, per cassette or bag Modifiers for EIP -KD Drug or biologic infused through DME -RR Rental -KH DMEPOS item, initial claim or first rental month -KI DMEPOS item, second or third rental months -KJ DMEPOS item, fourth to 15th rental months	Report the appropriate EIP code and appropriate modifier(s) as documented in the medical record. Modifiers may be used to provide additional detail when billing for the EIP to the DME MAC.8 Report any supplies as necessary.

^{*}Reporting policies for discarded units for payers other than traditional fee-for-service Medicare may vary; providers should check with their specific plans about policies related to billing for discarded drug and use of the JW and JZ modifiers.



Sample CMS-1500 Form: Medicare DME MAC for BLINCYTO®, Pump, and Related Supplies by DME Supplier

HEALTH INSURANCE CLAIM FORM APPROVED BY NATIONAL UNIFORM CLAIM COMMITTEE (NUCC) 92/12	CARRIER →			
1. MEDICARE MEDICAID TRICARE CHAMPVA GROUP	FECA OTHER 1a. INSURED'S I.D. NUMBER (For Program in Item 1)			
2. PATIENT'S NAME (Last Name, First Name, Middle Initial) 3. PATIENT'S BIRTH DAY DD Y	M F S			
In 2021, Medicare requires drugs furnished as an item of DME and home infusion therapy	Child Other Other			
services to be billed on separate claims. This claim illustrates sample billing for the drug and	CC USE CITY STATE OF CONTY			
DME supplies for a Medicare patient. See the sample claim form on page 11 for guidance on	ZIP CODE TELEPHONE (Include Area Code) () DITION RELATED TO: 11. INSURED'S POLICY GROUP OR FECA NUMBER			
billing for home infusion therapy services for a Medicare beneficiary 10. IS PATIENT'S CONE	DITION RELATED TO: 11. INSURED'S POLICY GROUP OR FECA NUMBER			
a. EMPLOYMENT? (Cur	rent or Previous) a. INSURED'S DATE OF BIRTH MM DD YY M F DO PLACE (State) b. OTHER CLAIM ID (Designated by NUCC)			
b. RESERVED FOR NUCC USE b. AUTO ACCIDENT?	PLACE (State) b. OTHER CLAIM ID (Designated by NUCC)			
c. RESERVED FOR NUCC USE c. OTHER ACCIDENT?	c. INSURANCE PLAN NAME OR PROGRAM NAME			
NDC (BOX 24A SHADED AREA): When required by the payer, report the NDC qualifier "N4,"	usignated by NUCC) d. IS THERE ANOTHER HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN? VES NO If yes, complete items 9, 9a, and 9d.			
indicating that an NDC follows, and the NDC in the 11-digit format. The unit of measure can also although the release of any medical or whether th	ther information necessary 13. INSURED'S OR AUTHORIZED PERSON'S SIGNATURE Lauthorize payment of medical benefits to the undersioned physician or supplier for			
be reported, 3 spaces after the NDC, as UNX (X = the number of vials)	SIGNED			
11 . DATE OF CURRENT ILLNESS, INJURY, or PREGNANCY (LMP) 15. OTHER DATE MM DD VV 16. DATES PATIENT UNABLE TO WORK IN CURRENT OCCUPATION				
DIAGNOSIS (BOX 21): I . ADDITIONAL CLAIM INFORMATION (Designated by NUCC) 2 . DIAGNOSIS OR NATURE OF ILLNESS OR INJURY Relate A-L tos B				
A. DATE(S) OF SERVICE B. C. D. PROCEDURES, SERVICES, OR From To PLACEOF (Explain Unusual Circumstances	DAYS PSTI ID UNITS (Box 24G):			
MM DD YY MM DD YY SERVICE EMG CPT/HCPCS MODIF N455513016001 UNX	A B XXX XX X NPI units of service for both units administered and amount			
N455513016001 UNX	of discarded drug. BLINGY IO®			
3	A B XXX XX X Report 1 unit each for EIP and other supplies			
MM DD YY MM DD YY 12 E0781 RR KH				
MM DD YY MM DD YY 12 A4222 5	that corresponds to the diagnosis in Box 21			
PLACE OF SERVICE (Box 24B): Enter the appropriate 2-digit place of service code that corresponds to the location where services are rendered; eg, 128 Home PROCEDURES/SERVICES/SUPPLIES (Box 24D): Enter the appropriate CPT/HCPCS codes and modifiers; eg, Drug: J9039 for BLINCYTO® JW/JZ Discard Modifier: JW or JZ modifier required for Medicare DME external influsion pump claims including inflused drugs in single-use containers V Pump: E0781 Ambulatory influsion pump A4222 Influsion supplies for external drug influsion pump, per				
NUCC Instruction Manual available at: www.nucc. Other codes may be appropriate. Check with individual Medicare DME MACs for detailed guidance				



Sample CMS-1500 form: Medicare A/B MAC for Home Infusion Therapy Services by Home Infusion Therapy Supplier

HEALTH INSURANCE CLAIM FORM APPROVED BY NATIONAL UNIFORM CLAIM COMMITTEE (NUCC) 02/12 PICA 1. MEDICARE MEDICAID TRICARE CHAMPV. (Medicare#) (Medicaid#) (ID#/DcD#) (Member/LL 2. PATIENT'S NAME (Last Name, First Name, Middle Initial)	- HEALTH PLAN - BLK LUNG -	1a. INSURED'S I.D. NUMBER (For I	PICA PICA PICA PICA PICA PICA PICA PICA
In 2021, Medicare requires separate claims for home infusion therapy services and for drugs furnished as items of DME in the home infusion setting. This sample claim shows an example for billing home infusion therapy services for a Medicare patient. See the sample claim form on page 10 for guidance on billing for drugs furnished as an item of DME for a Medicare beneficiary [13. OTHER INSURED'S POLICY OF GROUP NUMBER]	6. PATIENT RELATIONSHIP TO INSURED Self Spouse Child Other 8. RESERVED FOR NUCC USE 10. IS PATIENT'S CONDITION RELATED TO: a. EMPLOYMENT? (Current or Previous)	7. INSURED'S ADDRESS (No., Street) CITY ZIP CODE TELEPHONE (Inclu: () 11. INSURED'S POLICY GROUP OR FECA NUMBER a. INSURED'S DATE OF BIRTH	STATE NO LINE OF THE PROPERTY
b. RESERVED FOR NUCC USE c. RESERVED FOR NUCC USE	b. AUTO ACCIDENT? YES NO YES NO C. OTHER ACCIDENT? YES NO	b. OTHER CLAIM ID (Designated by NUCC) c. INSURANCE PLAN NAME OF PROGRAM NAME	PATIENT AND INSU
d. INSURANCE PLAN NAME OR PROGRAM NAME READ BACK OF FORM BEFORE COMPLETING 12. PATIENT'S OR AUTHORIZED PERSON'S SIGNATURE. I authorize the to process this claim. I also request payment of government benefits either below.	release of any medical or other information necessary	d. IS THERE ANOTHER HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN? YES NO If yes, complete items 13. INSURED'S OR AUTHORIZED PERSON'S SIGNA' payment of medical benefits to the undersigned phy services described below.	9, 9a, and 9d. FURE Lauthorize
17. NAME OF REFERRING PROVIDER OR OTHER SOURCE 19. ADDITIONAL CLAIM INFORMATION (Designated by NUCC)	DIAGNOSIS (BOX 21): Enter the appropriate diagnosis Z51.12 Encounter for antineoplas	tic immunotherapy AND temia not having achieved remissi temia, in remission OR temia, in relapse	
1 MM DD YY MM DD YY 12 G0090 MM DD YY MM DD YY 12 J9039		XXX XX X NPI	UNITS (Box 24G): Report units of service for the administration of BLINCYTO®, reported as I unit per 15 minutes of time of IV infusion
PLACE OF SERVICE (Box 24B): Enter the appropriate 2-digit place of service code that corresponds to the location where services are rendered as	DIAGNOSIS POINTER letter (A–L) that cor diagnosis in Box 21	responds to the	PHYSICIAN OR SUPF
31. SIGNATURE OF PHYSICIAN OR SUPPLIER INCLUDING DEGREES OR CREDENTIALS (I certify that the statements on the reverse apply to this bill and are made a part thereof.)	List a zero charge to indicate tha	odes and modifiers; eg,	the administration service; s expected



Sample CMS-1500 Form: Non-Medicare Payer by Home Infusion Provider

	HEALTH INSURANCE CLAIM FORM APPROVED BY NATIONAL UNIFORM CLAIM COMMITTEE (NUCC) 02/12				
	1. MEDICARE MEDICAID TRICARE CHAMPVA GROUP FECA OTHER 1a. INSURED'S I.D. NUMBER (For Program in Item 1) [Medicaid#] (Medicaid#) (Medicaid				
	(Medicare#) (Medicaid#) ((ID#/DoD#) (Member 2. PATIENT'S NAME (Last Name, First Name, Middle Initial)	ID#) (ID#) (ID#) (ID#) (ID#) 3. PATIENT'S BIRTH DATE SEX MM DD F	4. INSURED'S NAME (Last Name, First Name, Middle Initial)		
	5. PATIENT'S ADDRESS (No., Street)	6. PATIENT RELATIONSHIP TO INSURED Self Spouse Child Other	7. INSURED'S ADDRESS (No., Street)		
	ZIP CODE TELEPHONE (Include Area Code)	8. RESERVED FOR NUCC USE	ZIP CODE TELEPHONE (Include Area Code)		
	9. OTHER INSURED'S NAME (Last Name, First Name, Middle Initial)	10. IS PATIENT'S CONDITION RELATED TO:	11. INSURED'S POLICY GROUP OR FECA NUMBER		
	a. OTHER INSURED'S POLICY OR GROUP NUMBER	a. EMPLOYMENT? (Current or Previous)	a. INSURED'S DATE OF BIRTH SEX		
	b. RESERVED FOR NUCC USE	YES NO b. AUTO ACCIDENT? PLACE (State) YES NO	b. OTHER CLAIM ID (Designated by NUCC)		
	c. RESERVED FOR NUCC USE	c. OTHER ACCIDENT? YES NO	c. INSURANCE PLAN NAME OR PROGRAM NAME		
	d. INSURANCE PLAN NAME OR PROGRAM NAME READ BACK OF FORM BEFORE COMPLETIN	10d. CLAIM CODES (Designated by NUCC) G & SIGNING THIS FORM.	d. IS THERE ANOTHER HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN? YES NO If yes, complete items 9, 9a, and 9d. 13. INSURED'S OR AUTHORIZED PERSON'S SIGNATURE I authorize		
NDC (BOX 24	12. PATIENT'S OR AUTHORIZED PERSON'S SIGNATURE I authorize the to process this claim. Lake request payment of overnment benefits either A SHADED AREA): When required by the payer,	release of any medical or other information necessary reto myself or to the party who accepts assignment	payment of medical benefits to the undersigned physician or supplier services described below.	for	
follows, and measure car	DC qualifier "N4," indicating that an NDC the NDC in the 11-digit format. The unit of a lso be reported, 3 spaces after the NDC, as	HER DATE MM DD YY	SIGNED_ 16. DATES PATIENT UNABLE TO WORK IN CURRENT OCCUPATION 17. DATES AND DELETION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE		
	e number of vials). Verify the payer-specific ssion requirements 21. DIAGNOSIS OR NATURE OF ILLNESS OR INJURY Relate A-L to ser A. Z51.12 B. C91.02 C. L	• Z51.12 Encounter fo • C91.00 Acute lymph • C91.01 Acute lymph vice line below • C91.02 Acute lymph	nter the appropriate diagnosis code; eg, ICD- r antineoplastic immunotherapy AND noblastic leukemia not having achieved remi noblastic leukemia, in remission OR noblastic leukemia, in relapse n medical record documentation		
	E. L F, L G, L 1. L J, L K, L 24. A. DATE(S) OF SERVICE B. C. D. PROCI	H. L. L. EDURES, SERVICES, OR SUPPLIES E.	F. G. H		
4	From To PLACE OF (Expl MM DD YY MM DD YY SERVICE EMG CPT/HCI MM DD YY MM DD YY 12 J9938	ain Unusual Circumstances) PCS MODIFIER POLITER	DIACNOCIC DOINTED (D		
	N455513016001 UNX MM DD YY MM DD YY 12 J9039	9 JW AB	XXX XX X UNITS (Box 24G):		
;	MM DD YY MM DD YY 12 9960	1 AB	XXX XX X Report units of service of drug administer	ed and amount	
•	MM DD YY MM DD YY 12 A422	2 AB	xxx xx x of discarded drug.		
Enter the ap	rresponds to the location where rendered; eg, 2a. PA an 2a. PA Other NC sel	d modifiers; eg, Drug: J9039 for BLINCYTO® 99601 Home infusion/specialty of A4222 Infusion supplies for exter option her codes may be appropriate. Ch DTE: Reporting policies for discard rvice Medicare may vary; provide	ox 24D): Enter the appropriate CPT/HCPCS colors administration, per visit (up to 2 hours) and drug infusion pump, per cassette or infunction with individual payers for detailed guid ded units for payers other than traditional fers should check with their specific plans abded drug and use of the JW and JZ modifiers	ance e-for- out	



BLINCYTO® Dosing Options¹¹

Dosing option	Dose per vial X number of SDVs*	Number of billing units
24-hour	35 mcg X 1 vial	35
48-hour	35 mcg X 1-2 vials	35-70
7-day	35 mcg X 4-6 vials	140-210

^{*}Number of SDVs depends on dose, infusion duration, and patient's weight.11

Key Considerations for the BLINCYTO® 7-day Infusion Option (7-DIO)



Minor variations are expected in coding, billing, and claims filing for the BLINCYTO® 7-DIO.20



The 7-DIO requires 6 vials of BLINCYTO® and 1 vial of IV Solution Stabilizer for patients ≥ 45 kg. For patients weighing less than 45 kg, 4 to 5 vials are required. The safety of the administration of BLINCYTO® at a BSA of less than 0.4 m² has not been established.¹¹ Refer to the Prescribing Information for details on handling and preparation.



If the units field on a claim form cannot accommodate more than 99 units, utilize multiple lines to capture all units (eg, 99+98+13). Payers may require separate reporting of drug units administered and discarded.²⁰



Less frequent claim submissions are expected with utilization of the 7-DIO. Typically the entire 7-DIO can be billed on the day of administration/refill. However, be sure to refer to payer guidelines for maximum daily quantity limits. Apply the appropriate dates of service as needed.²⁰



If the 7-DIO is interrupted mid-treatment, refer to payer guidelines for reporting and documentation in these cases. If full reimbursement is withheld by the payer, refer to Amgen's Product Return Policy for assistance.



Existing codes and modifiers are adequate to report BLINCYTO® and its related services; however, payer requirements may vary with respect to:²⁰

- The entities that can bill for DME and the associated supplies
- The number of units billed for BLINCYTO® J9039 (HCPCS units vs number of vials)
- Covered diagnosis codes
- Covered nursing services (eg, infusion services at patient's home)
- Drug claim submission options (eg, 1 or more dates of service on claims)
- Reporting policies for discarded units for payers other than traditional fee-for-service Medicare
 may vary; providers should check with their specific plans about policies related to billing for
 discarded drug and use of the JW and JZ modifiers.

BLINCYTO® Indications and Important Safety Information



INDICATION

- BLINCYTO® (blinatumomab) is indicated for the treatment of CD19-positive B-cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) in first or second complete remission with minimal residual disease (MRD) greater than or equal to 0.1% in adult and pediatric patients.
- BLINCYTO® is indicated for the treatment of relapsed or refractory CD19-positive B-cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) in adult and pediatric patients.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

WARNING: CYTOKINE RELEASE SYNDROME and NEUROLOGICAL TOXICITIES

- Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS), which may be life-threatening or fatal, occurred in patients receiving BLINCYTO[®]. Interrupt or discontinue BLINCYTO[®] and treat with corticosteroids as recommended.
- Neurological toxicities, which may be severe, life-threatening or fatal, occurred in patients receiving BLINCYTO®. Interrupt or discontinue BLINCYTO® as recommended.

Contraindications

BLINCYTO® is contraindicated in patients with a known hypersensitivity to blinatumomab or to any component of the product formulation.

Warnings and Precautions

- Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS): CRS, which may be life-threatening or fatal, occurred in 15% of patients with R/R ALL and in 7% of patients with MRD-positive ALL. The median time to onset of CRS is 2 days after the start of infusion and the median time to resolution of CRS was 5 days among cases that resolved. Closely monitor and advise patients to contact their healthcare professional for signs and symptoms of serious adverse events such as fever, headache, nausea, asthenia, hypotension, increased alanine aminotransferase (ALT), increased aspartate aminotransferase (AST), increased total bilirubin (TBILI), and disseminated intravascular coagulation (DIC). The manifestations of CRS after treatment with BLINCYTO® overlap with those of infusion reactions, capillary leak syndrome, and hemophagocytic histiocytosis/macrophage activation syndrome. If severe CRS occurs, interrupt BLINCYTO® until CRS resolves. Discontinue BLINCYTO® permanently if life-threatening CRS occurs. Administer corticosteroids for severe or life-threatening CRS.
- Neurological Toxicities: Approximately 65% of patients receiving BLINCYTO® in clinical trials experienced neurological toxicities. The
 median time to the first event was within the first 2 weeks of BLINCYTO® treatment and the majority of events resolved. The most common
 (≥ 10%) manifestations of neurological toxicity were headache and tremor. Severe, life-threatening, or fatal neurological toxicities occurred
 in approximately 13% of patients, including encephalopathy, convulsions, speech disorders, disturbances in consciousness, confusion and
 disorientation, and coordination and balance disorders. Manifestations of neurological toxicity included cranial nerve disorders. Monitor
 patients for signs or symptoms and interrupt or discontinue BLINCYTO® as outlined in the PI.
- Infections: Approximately 25% of patients receiving BLINCYTO® in clinical trials experienced serious infections such as sepsis, pneumonia, bacteremia, opportunistic infections, and catheter-site infections, some of which were life-threatening or fatal. Administer prophylactic antibiotics and employ surveillance testing as appropriate during treatment. Monitor patients for signs or symptoms of infection and treat appropriately, including interruption or discontinuation of BLINCYTO® as needed.
- Tumor Lysis Syndrome (TLS), which may be life-threatening or fatal, has been observed. Preventive measures, including pretreatment
 nontoxic cytoreduction and on-treatment hydration, should be used during BLINCYTO® treatment. Monitor patients for signs and symptoms
 of TLS and interrupt or discontinue BLINCYTO® as needed to manage these events.
- Neutropenia and Febrile Neutropenia, including life-threatening cases, have been observed. Monitor appropriate laboratory parameters (including, but not limited to, white blood cell count and absolute neutrophil count) during BLINCYTO® infusion and interrupt BLINCYTO® if prolonged neutropenia occurs.
- Effects on Ability to Drive and Use Machines: Due to the possibility of neurological events, including seizures, patients receiving BLINCYTO® are at risk for loss of consciousness, and should be advised against driving and engaging in hazardous occupations or activities such as operating heavy or potentially dangerous machinery while BLINCYTO® is being administered.
- Elevated Liver Enzymes: Transient elevations in liver enzymes have been associated with BLINCYTO® treatment with a median time to onset of 3 days. In patients receiving BLINCYTO®, although the majority of these events were observed in the setting of CRS, some cases of elevated liver enzymes were observed outside the setting of CRS, with a median time to onset of 19 days. Grade 3 or greater elevations in liver enzymes occurred in approximately 7% of patients outside the setting of CRS and resulted in treatment discontinuation in less than 1% of patients. Monitor ALT, AST, gamma-glutamyl transferase, and TBILI prior to the start of and during BLINCYTO® treatment. BLINCYTO® treatment should be interrupted if transaminases rise to > 5 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) or if TBILI rises to > 3 times ULN.
- Pancreatitis: Fatal pancreatitis has been reported in patients receiving BLINCYTO® in combination with dexamethasone in clinical trials and
 the post-marketing setting. Evaluate patients who develop signs and symptoms of pancreatitis and interrupt or discontinue BLINCYTO® and
 dexamethasone as needed.
- Leukoencephalopathy: Although the clinical significance is unknown, cranial magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) changes showing leukoencephalopathy have been observed in patients receiving BLINCYTO®, especially in patients previously treated with cranial irradiation and antileukemic chemotherapy.
- Preparation and administration errors have occurred with BLINCYTO® treatment. Follow instructions for preparation (including admixing) and administration in the PI strictly to minimize medication errors (including underdose and overdose).
- Immunization: Vaccination with live virus vaccines is not recommended for at least 2 weeks prior to the start of BLINCYTO® treatment, during treatment, and until immune recovery following last cycle of BLINCYTO®.



IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

- Benzyl Alcohol Toxicity in Neonates: Serious adverse reactions, including fatal reactions and the "gasping syndrome," have been reported
 in very low birth weight (VLBW) neonates born weighing less than 1500 g, and early preterm neonates (infants born less than 34 weeks
 gestational age) who received intravenous drugs containing benzyl alcohol as a preservative. Early preterm VLBW neonates may be more
 likely to develop these reactions, because they may be less able to metabolize benzyl alcohol.
 - Use the preservative-free preparations of BLINCYTO® where possible in neonates. When prescribing BLINCYTO® (with preservative) for neonatal patients, consider the combined daily metabolic load of benzyl alcohol from all sources including BLINCYTO® (with preservative), other products containing benzyl alcohol or other excipients (e.g., ethanol, propylene glycol) which compete with benzyl alcohol for the same metabolic pathway.
 - Monitor neonatal patients receiving BLINCYTO® (with preservative) for new or worsening metabolic acidosis. The minimum amount of benzyl alcohol at which serious adverse reactions may occur in neonates is not known. The BLINCYTO® 7-Day bag (with preservative) contains 7.4 mg of benzyl alcohol per mL
- Embryo-Fetal Toxicity: Based on its mechanism of action, BLINCYTO® may cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman.
 Advise pregnant women of the potential risk to the fetus. Advise females of reproductive potential to use effective contraception during treatment with BLINCYTO® and for 48 hours after the last dose.

Adverse Reactions

 The most common adverse reactions (≥ 20%) are pyrexia, infusion-related reactions, infections (pathogen unspecified), headache, neutropenia, anemia, and thrombocytopenia.

Dosage and Administration Guidelines

- BLINCYTO® is administered as a continuous intravenous infusion at a constant flow rate using an infusion pump which should be programmable, lockable, non-elastomeric, and have an alarm.
- It is very important that the instructions for preparation (including admixing) and administration provided in the full Prescribing Information are strictly followed to minimize medication errors (including underdose and overdose).

Please see BLINCYTO® full Prescribing Information, including BOXED WARNINGS.

Please note: The information provided in this document is of a general nature and for informational purposes only; it is not intended to be comprehensive or instructive. Coding and coverage policies change periodically and often without warning. The healthcare provider is solely responsible for determining coverage and reimbursement parameters and appropriate coding for their own patients and procedures. In no way should the information provided in this document be considered a guarantee of coverage or reimbursement for any product or service.

SUPPORT SERVICES



CALL 866-264-2778

Monday to Friday, 9:00 am to 8:00 pm ET, or visit www.AmgenSupportPlus.com.

We're right here, right when you need us



HCP Support Center

Our Amgen® SupportPlus Representatives can assist with issues around patient coverage, prior authorizations, co-pay programs, and more.

Benefits Verification

· Verify patient's insurance plan coverage details

Prior Authorization Requirements

· Provide payer-specific prior authorization forms

Amgen SupportPlus Customer Portal

- · A tool for managing patient benefits verification and more
- · Submit, store, and retrieve benefit verifications electronically



Amgen® Access Specialists

An Amgen Access Specialist can provide live or virtual coverage and access resources to support your patients.

Contact your Amgen Access Specialist for live or virtual support that includes:

- Help with navigating prior authorization, appeals, and fulfillment processes
- Educating on payer requirements and necessary documentation for individual patient support
- Guidance on general reimbursement questions, including product coding and billing information
- Answers to general questions about Amgen SupportPlus programs and other available resources



Amgen® Nurse Partners

Dedicated Amgen Nurse Partners can offer supplemental support and provide information about resources to help patients access their prescribed medication.

Amgen Nurse Partners* can provide supplemental support, including:

- Guidance on resources that may help lower out-of-pocket medication costs
- Assistance to help your patients stay on track with their medication
- Answers to questions about Amgen SupportPlus

*Amgen Nurse Partners are only available to patients that are prescribed certain Amgen products. They are not part of your patient's treatment team and do not provide medical advice, nursing, or case management services. Amgen Nurse Partners will not inject patients with Amgen medications. Patients should always consult their healthcare provider regarding medical decisions or treatment concerns.



AMGEN Support | Co-Pay Program

Helping eligible patients save on out-of-pocket costs

The Amgen SupportPlus Co-Pay Program is here to help eligible commercially insured patients pay for their out-of-pocket prescription costs.

- Pay as little as \$0 out-of-pocket for each dose or cycle
- Can be applied to deductible, co-insurance, and co-payment[†]
- · No income eligibility requirement

What if my patient doesn't have private or commercial insurance?

Amgen SupportPlus can provide your patients with information about independent nonprofit foundations that may be able to help. ‡

*Eligibility for resources provided by independent nonprofit patient assistance programs is based on the nonprofit's criteria. Amgen has no control over these programs and provides information as a courtesy only.

Encourage your patients with private or commercial insurance to check eligibility and enroll at AmgenSupportPlus.com/copay

†Eligibility criteria and program maximums apply. See AmgenSupportPlus.com/copay for full Terms and Conditions.

References: 1. MLN Matters. Billing for home infusion therapy services on or after January 1, 2021. https://www.cms.gov/flegulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/Downloads/clm104c20.pdf. Accessed May 23, 2023. 3. CMS Waivers, Flexibilities, and Transition Forward: COVID-19 Public Health Emergency. February 27, 2023, available at: https://www.cms.gov/outreach-and-education/mark-roading-public-health-emergency. Accessed May 23, 2023. 4. CMS, 2% Payment Adjustment Sequestration Changes, December 16, 2021, available at https://www.cms.gov/outreach-and-education/understanding-hospital-revenue-codes./ Accessed May 23, 2023. 5. Value Healthcare Services. Understanding Hospital Revenue Codes. http://www.cms.gov/outreach-and-education/understanding-hospital-revenue-codes/. Accessed May 23, 2023. 6. Centers for Disease Country and Prevention. ICD-10-CM FY 2022 List of Codes and Descriptions. https://thp.dcd.gov/pub/Health_Statistics/NCHS/Publications/ICD10CM/2022/. Accessed May 23, 2023. 7. Centers for Disease Country and Prevention. ICD-10-CM FY 2022 List of Codes and Descriptions. https://thp.dcd.gov/pub/Health_Statistics/NCHS/Publications/ICD10CM/2022/. Accessed May 23, 2023. 8. Centers for Medicare & Medical Association (AMA). Pr 2021 Professional Edition. AMA; 2020. 10. CMS. 2021 ICD-10-PCS Codes and Tables Index. https://www.cms.gov/medicare/icd-10/2021-icd-10-pcs. Accessed May 23, 2023. 9. American Medical Association (AMA). Pr 2021 Professional Edition. AMA; 2020. 10. CMS. 2021 ICD-10-PCS Codes and Tables Index. https://www.cms.gov/medicare/icd-10/2021-icd-10-pcs. Accessed May 23, 2023. 10. CMS. CMS Manual System. Pub 100-04. https://www.cms.gov/medicare/icd-10/2021-icd-10-pcs. Accessed May 23, 2023. 10. CMS. 2021 New Pub 100-04. https://www.cms.gov/medicare/icd-10/2021-icd-10-pcs. Accessed May 23, 2023. 10. CMS. 2021 New Pub 100-04. https://www.cms.gov/medicare/icd-10/2021-icd-10-pcs. Accessed May 23, 2023. 10. CMS. 2021 New Pub 100-04. https://www.cms.gov/medicare/icd-10/2021-icd-10-pcs. Accessed May 23, 2023.



